Fire Drills - A Checklist

Forming a vital part of any commercial building's fire safety measures, fire drills must be carried out on a regular basis in order to identify potential faults and issues with existing evacuation plans.



Before the Dril

	Fire Wardens: Ensuring that there are a sufficient number of trained fire wardens (or marshals) in place to guide occupants from the premises and assist in carrying out checks is important for a successful drill. With trained eyes in more than one place, any problems that occur can be recorded and rectified in future drills.
	Give Notice: While the element of surprise would perhaps test the efficacy of your evacuation procedure more accurately, it may cause unnecessary panic. Instead, let your building's occupants know there is a drill coming up, and ensure that they understand their responsibilities in following procedure correctly and safely – whether this is employees within a company building, or guests staying in a hotel.
	Print Register: For schools, offices and other workplaces, have a register printed out on the day of the drill to check that all persons are present and correct when at the assembly point.
During the Drill	
Du	ring the Drill
	Observation: Take careful note of the actions of all people executing the evacuation procedure. Look out for issues (people stopping to collect belongings, slow reaction times, problems accessing fire doors or escape routes), and ensure that all fire marshals are active and in position.
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commercial buildings, having managers account for the presence of their teams will help to quickly identify those who may be missing.
Re-entry: Ensure that re-entry is initiated only by a trained fire warden, and never return to a building in which an alarm is still going off.
After the Drill
Record: All of your findings, whether positive or negative, should be recorded as quickly as possible after the drill.
Review: Based on your findings, take time to review your fire drill and evacuation procedure in order to improve it.
Rectify: Any elements spotted during the drill that are of concern, or that may have hindered escape in the event of a real
fire, should be rectified immediately. This may include the identification of hazards along the evacuation route, insufficient
facilities for those with mobility problems, an inadequate assembly point location (perhaps across a busy main road), or a
failure in a section of the alarm system.
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